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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/664,610	09/16/2003	Charles Wilson	23239-538 (ARC-38)	5499	
	7590 07/09/200 N, COHN, FERRIS, GI	EXAMINER			
ATTN: PATENT INTAKE CUSTOMER NO. 30623 ONE FINANCIAL CENTER BOSTON, MA 02111			HUMPHREY, LOUISE WANG ZHIYING		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1648		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			07/09/2008	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)		
10/664,610	WILSON ET AL.		
Examiner	Art Unit		
LOUISE HUMPHREY	1648		

	LOUISE HUMPHREY	1648	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence add	ress
THE REPLY FILED <u>05 June 2008</u> FAILS TO PLACE THIS APP		-	
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on application, applicant must timely file one of the following application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Apperior Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 C periods:	the same day as filing a Notice of A replies: (1) an amendment, affidavi ral (with appeal fee) in compliance	Appeal. To avoid abar t, or other evidence, w with 37 CFR 41.31; or	hich places the (3) a Request
a) \boxtimes The period for reply expires $\underline{4}$ months from the mailing date	of the final rejection.		
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this An no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire la Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (I MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f	iter than SIX MONTHS from the mailing b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE).	g date of the final rejection FIRST REPLY WAS FII	on. LED WITHIN TWO
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date of have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extunder 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL	ension and the corresponding amount of the hortened statutory period for reply origi	of the fee. The appropria nally set in the final Offic	ate extension fee e action; or (2) as
 The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in completing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exter Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed with AMENDMENTS 	sion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the	
	ust prior to the data of filing a brief	وعا لومسووه وعالم والنب	
3. ☐ The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, be (a) ☐ They raise new issues that would require further cor (b) ☐ They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below.)	sideration and/or search (see NO		cause
(c) They are not deemed to place the application in bett appeal; and/or	•	ducing or simplifying th	ne issues for
(d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a c	orresponding number of finally reje	ected claims.	
NOTE: See Continuation Sheet. (See 37 CFR 1.1)	16 and 41.33(a)).		
 The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12 Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s): 		mpliant Amendment (I	PTOL-324).
6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s).		timely filed amendmer	nt canceling the
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is prove The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:		l be entered and an ex	xplanation of
Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to:			
Claim(s) rejected: <u>46-57,60-64,66 and 69-126</u> . Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: <u>42-45,58,59 and 6</u>	<u>5</u> .		
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE	. la _ f		. h
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 			
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to or showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appea	al and/or appellant fails	s to provide a
10.	n of the status of the claims after er	ntry is below or attach	ed.
11. The request for reconsideration has been considered but <u>See Continuation Sheet.</u>	does NOT place the application in	condition for allowan	ce because:
12. ☐ Note the attached Information <i>Disclosure Statement</i>(s). (13. ☐ Other:	PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)		
	/Jeffrey S. Parkin, Ph.D Primary Examiner, Art U		

Continuation of 3. NOTE: the change of claim language changes the scope of the invention, which requires further consideration and new search.

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: Applicants' arguments have been fully considered but are deemed not persuasive. Applicants argue that the Griffin patent only discloses a method for selecting an aptamer that binds to thrombin using the basic SELEX method and then evaluating the aptamers for the additional property of agonist activity, such property being present purely as a matter of chance, and does not teach or suggest the claimed method for identifying an aptamer that binds to a target wherein binding of the aptamer to the target increases the binding affinity of the target for a target partner. However, the claimed method also requires evaluating the aptamers for the property of increaseing the binding affinity of the target for a target partner. Applicants further contend that Griffin does not disclose the contacting step with unbound nucleic acids under conditions that disfavor efficient binding between the target and target partner. However, this limitation has been addressed in the Examiner's analysis on page 6 of the Office Action mailed on 05 February 2008. The Griffin patent clearly discloses the method steps of contacting a pool of nucleic acids with target/target-partner complex and select for desired nucleic acids by adjusting the conditions of each contacting step for the evaluation of the desired property. It would be obvious to modify the Griffin method so that only the unbound nucleic acids are subject to the second round of selection in conditions disfavoring binding to retain nucleic acids bound to the thrombin/thrombomodulin complex, i.e. target-target partner complex.

The rationale to modify or combine the prior art does not have to be expressly stated in the prior art; the rationale may be expressly or impliedly contained in the prior art or it may be reasoned from knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art, established scientific principles, or legal precedent established by prior case law. See In re Fine, 837 F.2d 1071, 5 USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir. 1988); In re Jones, 958, F2d 347, 21 USPQ2d 1941 (Fed. Cir. 1992). See also In re Kotzab, 217 F.3d 1365, 1370, 55 USPQ2d 1313, 1317 (Fed. Cir. 2000) (setting forth test for implicit teachings); In re Eli Lilly & Co., 902 F.2d 943, 14 USPQ2d 1741 (Fed. Cir. 1990) (discussion of reliance on legal precedent); In re Nilssen, 851 F.2d 1401, 1403, 7 USPQ2d 1500, 1502 (Fed. Cir. 1988) (references do not have to explicitly suggest combining teachings); Ex parte Clapp, 227 USPQ 972 (Bd. Pat. App. & Inter. 1985) (examiner must present convincing line of reasoning supporting rejection); and Ex parte Levengood, 28 USPQ2d 1300 (Bd. Pat. App. & Inter. 1993) (reliance on logic and sound scientific reasoning).

In this case, the motivation to modify the selection conditions for the evaluation of a specific desired property in the nucleic acids is immediately apparent and well within knowledge of one skilled in the art.